

#### Navigation analysis at the entrance to the bypass channel of Siarzewo barrage

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# Scope of presentation

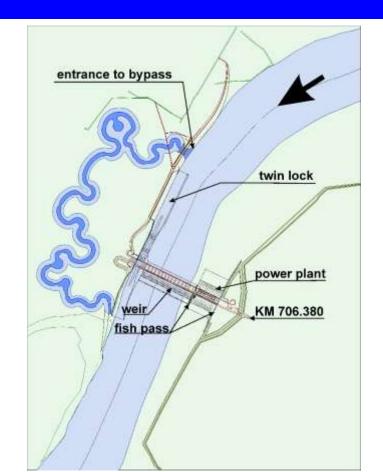
- Introduction
- Hydrodynamic conditions (natural & modified by barrage)
- Hydrodynamics is in the presence of vessels
- Navigation in the presence of the by-pass channel
- Conclusions



#### Introduction

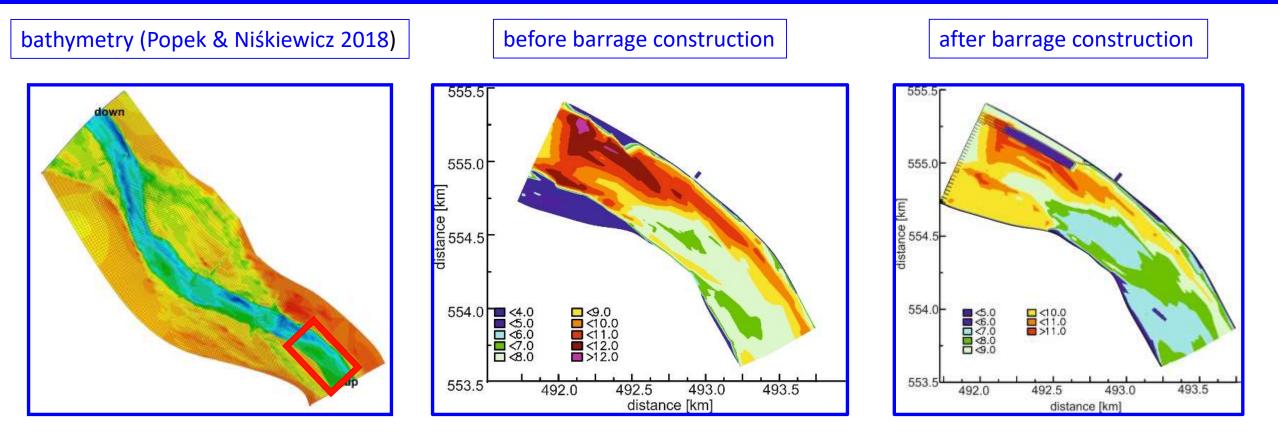






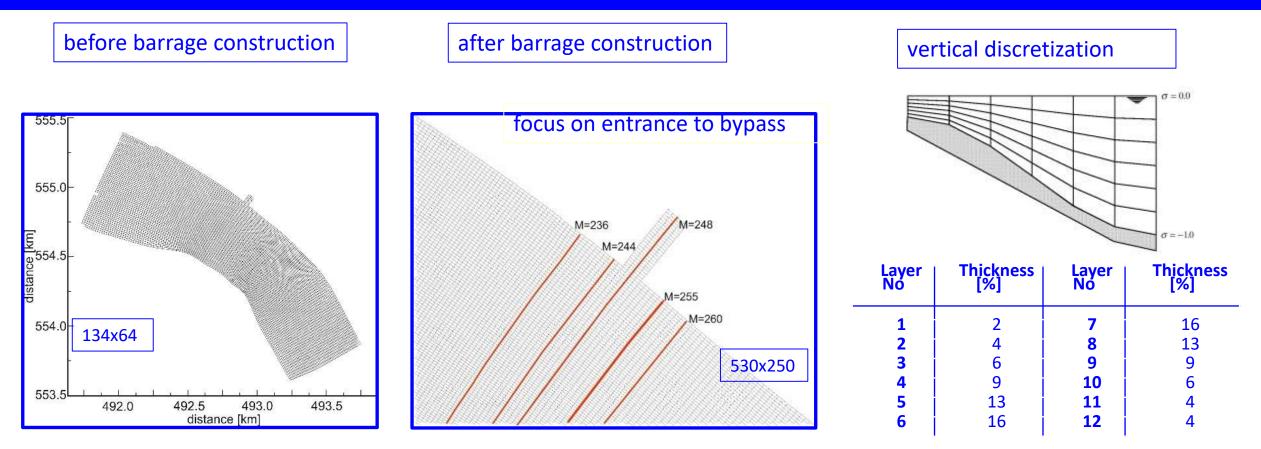


# Hydrodynamics – numerical modeling



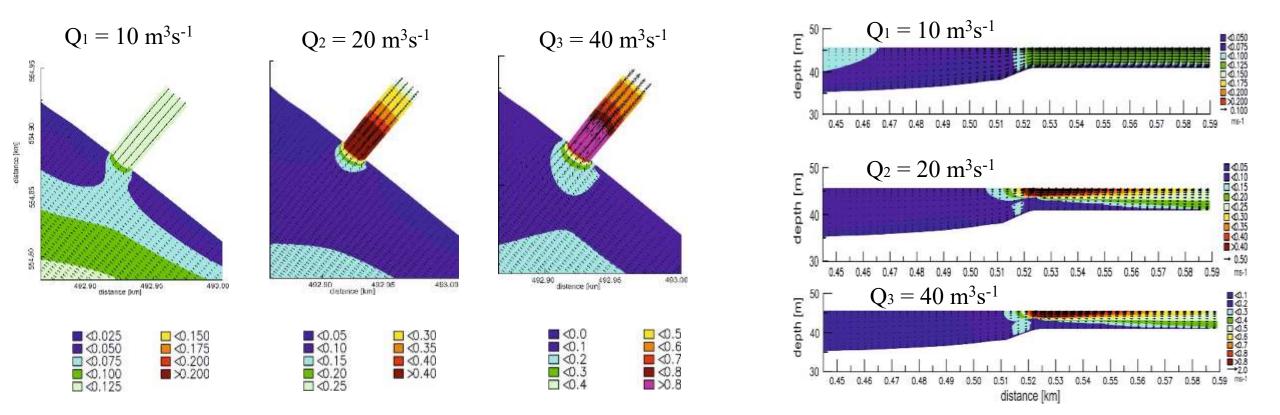


# Hydrodynamics – numerical modeling



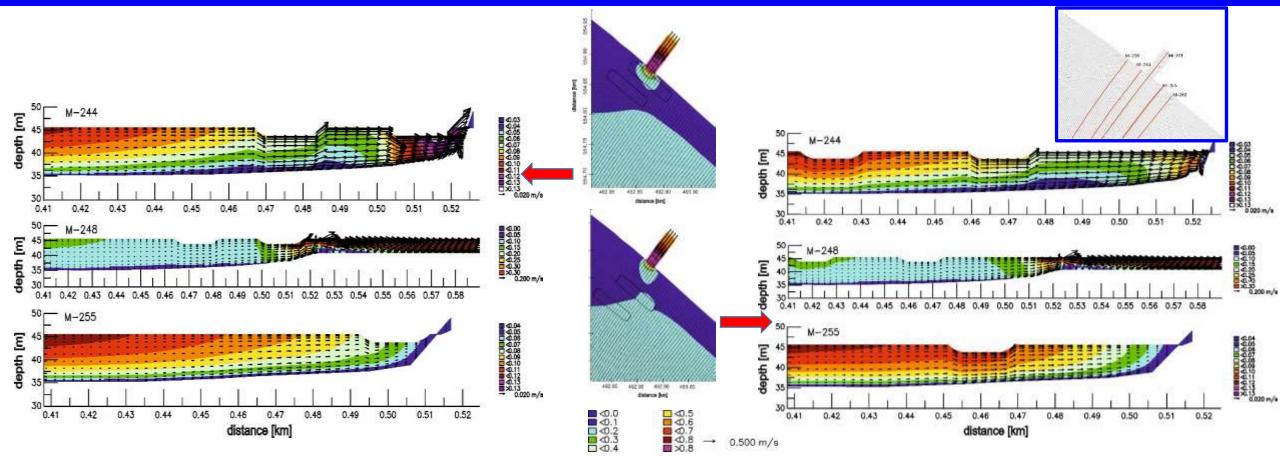


# Hydrodynamics – modeling results



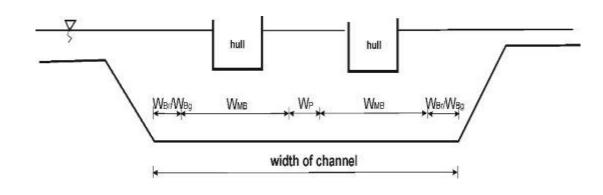


### Hydrodynamics – presence of vessels





# Navigation conditions



$$W_T = 2 * W_{BM} + 2 * \sum_{i=1}^{n} W_i + W_{Br} + W_{Bg} + W_p$$

NAME	CHARACTERISTIC DIMENSION [M]
Basic maneuvering width	W <sub>BM</sub> = 1.3 - 1.8 * Bs =
(depending on maneuverability):	14.8 - 20.50 m
Distance from the slope on the right bank (assuming the reinforced slope on the right side of the river):	W <sub>Br</sub> = 0.5 * Bs = 5.70 m
Distance from the left edge (assuming a slope or sandbank):	W <sub>Bg</sub> = 0.3 * Bs = 3.40 m
Crosswind impact (due to the lack of detailed data, average wind was assumed):	W <sub>i1 =</sub> 0.3 * Bs = 3.40 m
Dominant transverse current:	$W_{i2} = 0.3 * Bs =$ 3.40 m
Navigation system available:	W <sub>i3</sub> = 0.2 – 0.4 * Bs = 2.28 – 4.56 m
Width of the track separator (low speed):	W <sub>P</sub> =1 * B <sub>s</sub> = 11.40 m
Two-way track width:	W <sub>T</sub> = 68.26 – 84.22 m



## Conclusions

Analysis carried out confirmed:

- the bypass modifies flow conditions in the main channel;
- cross-flow on the waterway reduces navigation safety; its importance increases with the increasing inflow to bypass.

Based on PIANC analysis, the two-way track should be (at least) 68.26 m wide.

It is recommended to confirm analysis on the physical model.

Acknowledgemenets:

This study has been financed by State Water Holding Polish Waters KZGW/KN/2020/079 and the Polish Academy of Sciences

